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- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): ENVENTURE GLOBAL TECHNLOGY [US/US]; 16200 A Park Row, Houston, TX 77084 (US).
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- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): COSTA, Scott [US/US]; 2011 Willow Point, Kingwood, TX 77330 (US). RING, Lev [US/US]; 14126 Heatherhill Place, Houston, TX 77077 (US). MENCHACA, Jose [US/US]; 9800 Pagewood Lane, Number 210, Houston, TX 77042 (US).
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- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AI, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.
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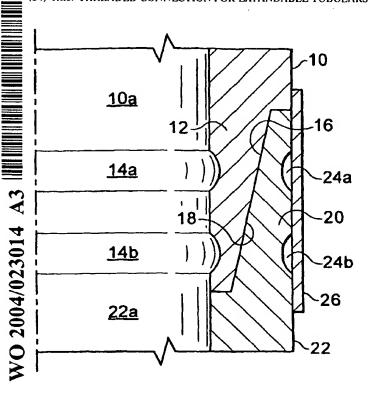
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(54) Title: THREADED CONNECTION FOR EXPANDABLE TUBULARS



(57) Abstract: A threaded connection for expandable tubulars. There is a first tubular (10) with external threads (16) and a second tubular (22) with matching internal threads. Each of these tubular has stress concentration grooves (14a, 14b, 24a, 24b). There is a sleeve (26) that goes over the connection between the threaded portions of the tubulars. After connection these tubulars can be expanded downhole in a wellbore.

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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(7) : E21B 19/16				
US CL : 166/380, 207; 285/333				
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC				
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Please See Co	ontinuation Sheet	ne of data base and, where practicable, so	earch terms used)	
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Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or			emational filing date or	
"A" document	defining the general state of the art which is not considered to	priority date and not in conflict with	the application but cited to	
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Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US Commissioner for Patents		David J. Bagnell		
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Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Telephone No. (703) 308-1113				
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Continuation of B. FIELDS SEARCHED Item 3: Derwent, JPO, EPO Terms: Thread, Stress concentrator, stress, expand/expanding, mbular, casing	
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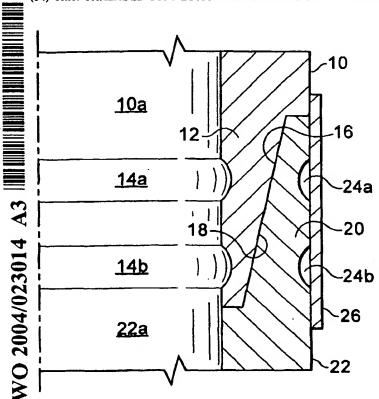
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: THREADED CONNECTION FOR EXPANDABLE TUBULARS



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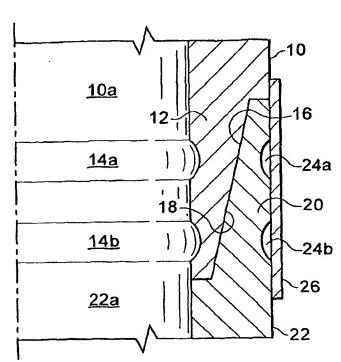
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AMENDED CLAIMS

received by the International Bureau on 07 March 2005: claims 1 to 21 are unchanged, claims 22 to 48 are new

- 1. An assembly, comprising:
 - a first tubular member comprising external threads; and
 - a second tubular member comprising internal threads coupled to the external threads of the first tubular member;
 - wherein at least one of the first and second tubular members define one or more stress concentrators.
- The assembly of claim 1, further comprising:
 - an external sleeve coupled to and overlapping with the ends of the first and second tubular members.
- 3. The assembly of claim 1, wherein one or more of the stress concentrators comprise surface grooves formed in the surfaces of at least one of the first and second tubular members.
- 4. The assembly of claim 1, wherein the stress concentrators are defined above the internal and external threads of the first and second tubular members.
- 5. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:
 - positioning the assembly of claim 1 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 6. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:
 - positioning the assembly of claim 2 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 7. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:
 - positioning the assembly of claim 3 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 8. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:
 - positioning the assembly of claim 4 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

9. An apparatus, comprising: a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore; wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 1 within the wellbore; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.

- 10. An apparatus, comprising: a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore; wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 2 within the wellbore; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.
- 11. An apparatus, comprising: a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore; wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 3 within the wellbore; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.
- 12. An apparatus, comprising:

 a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and
 a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore;
 wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising:

 positioning the assembly of claim 4 within the wellbore; and
 radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.
- 15. A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising: means for positioning the assembly of claim 1 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 16. A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising: means for positioning the assembly of claim 2 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

17. A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:

means for positioning the assembly of claim 3 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

18. A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:

means for positioning the assembly of claim 4 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

19. A method of providing a fluid tight seal between a pair of overlapping tubular members, comprising:

forming one or more stress concentrators within at least one of the tubular members; and

radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members.

- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the tubular members are threadably coupled; and wherein the stress concentrators are formed above the threaded coupling.
- 21. The method of claim 19, wherein the stress concentrators comprise surface grooves formed in at least one of the tubular members.
- 22. An assembly, comprising:
 - a first tubular member comprising external threads;
 - a second tubular member comprising internal threads coupled to the external threads of the first tubular member; and
 - an external sleeve coupled to and overlapping with the ends of the first and second tubular members;
 - wherein at least one of the first and second tubular members define one or more stress concentrators.
- 23. The assembly of claim 22, wherein one or more of the stress concentrators comprise surface grooves formed in the surfaces of at least one of the first and second tubular members.
- 24. The assembly of claim 22, wherein the stress concentrators are defined above the

internal and external threads of the first and second tubular members.

25. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:

positioning an assembly within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole; wherein the assembly comprises:

a first tubular member comprising external threads;

a second tubular member comprising internal threads coupled to the external threads of the first tubular member; and

an external sleeve coupled to and overlapping with the ends of the first and second tubular members;

wherein at least one of the first and second tubular members define one or more stress concentrators.

26. An apparatus, comprising:

a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and

a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore;

wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising:

positioning an assembly within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole;

wherein the assembly comprises:

a first tubular member comprising external threads;

a second tubular member comprising internal threads coupled to the external threads of the first tubular member; and

an external sleeve coupled to and overlapping with the ends of the first and second tubular members;

wherein at least one of the first and second tubular members define one or more stress concentrators.

A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:

means for positioning an assembly within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole; wherein the assembly comprises:

a first tubular member comprising external threads;

a second tubular member comprising internal threads coupled to the external threads of the first tubular member; and

an external sleeve coupled to and overlapping with the ends of the first and second tubular members;

wherein at least one of the first and second tubular members define one or more stress concentrators.

- 28. An assembly, comprising:
 - a first tubular member comprising external threads; and
 - a second tubular member comprising internal threads coupled to the external threads of the first tubular member;
 - wherein the first and second tubular members each define one or more stress concentrators.
- 29. The assembly of claim 28, further comprising: an external sleeve coupled to and overlapping with the ends of the first and second tubular members.
- 30. The assembly of claim 28, wherein one or more of the stress concentrators comprise surface grooves formed in the surfaces of at least one of the first and second tubular members.
- 31. The assembly of claim 28, wherein the stress concentrators are defined above the internal and external threads of the first and second tubular members.
- 32. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 28 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 33. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 29 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 34. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:

 positioning the assembly of claim 30 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and

 radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

35. A method for forming a wellbore casing, comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 31 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

36. An apparatus, comprising:

a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore; wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 28 within the wellbore; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.

37. An apparatus, comprising:

a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and
a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore;
wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising:
positioning the assembly of claim 29 within the wellbore; and
radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.

38. An apparatus, comprising:

a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore; wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising: positioning the assembly of claim 30 within the wellbore; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.

39. An apparatus, comprising:

a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation; and
a wellbore casing positioned within and coupled to the wellbore;
wherein the wellbore casing is coupled to the wellbore by a process comprising:
positioning the assembly of claim 31 within the wellbore; and
radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the wellbore.

A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:

means for positioning the assembly of claim 28 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising:
means for positioning the assembly of claim 29 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and
means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.

- 42. A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising: means for positioning the assembly of claim 30 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 43. A system for forming a wellbore casing, comprising: means for positioning the assembly of claim 31 within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the assembly within the borehole.
- 44. A method of providing a fluid tight seal between a pair of overlapping tubular members, comprising:

forming one or more stress concentrators within each of the tubular members; and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members.

- 45. The method of claim 44, wherein the tubular members are threadably coupled; and wherein the stress concentrators are formed above the threaded coupling.
- 46. The method of claim 44, wherein the stress concentrators comprise surface grooves formed in at least one of the tubular members.
- 47. A method of providing a fluid tight seal between a pair of overlapping tubular members, comprising:
 - concentrating compressive stresses onto the overlapping portions of the tubular members; and
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members.
- 48. The method of claim 47, wherein the tubular members are threadably coupled; and wherein the compressive stresses are concentrated onto the threaded coupling during the radial expansion and plastic deformation.